Brick Math Fraction Division Chapter Assessment Answer Key

Chapter 1

1.
$$^{3}/4 \div ^{1}/8 = 6$$



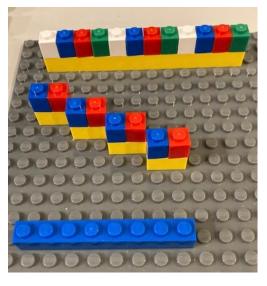
8 divided into 1/8ths

3 quarters of 8 Each quarter has 2

Answer is 6

Algorithm:
$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{8} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{1} = \frac{24}{4} = 6$$

$$2.^{4}/6 \div ^{1}/12 = 8$$



12 divided into 1/12ths

4 sixths of 12

Each sixth has 2

8 in total

Answer is 8

Algorithm:
$$\frac{4}{6} \div \frac{1}{12} = \frac{4}{6} \times \frac{12}{1} = \frac{48}{6} = 8$$

3. The reciprocal is one of a pair of numbers that, when multiplied together, equal 1. One example of reciprocals (many answers to this): The reciprocal of 2/4 is 4/2

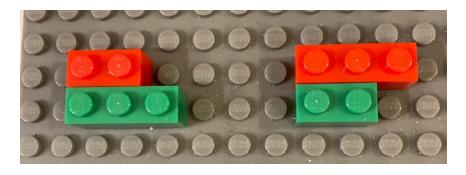
Chapter 2

1. a. 4/3

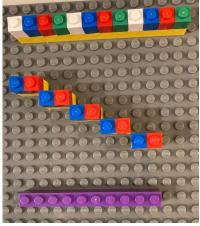
b. 8/5

2. 2/3

3/2 (reciprocal of 2/3)



3.

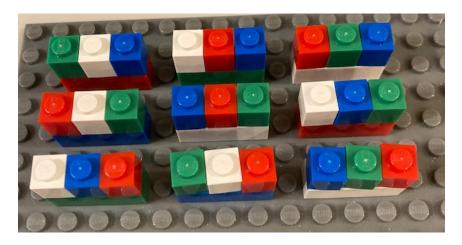


The top model shows 12 divided into 1/12ths
The second model shows 5 sixths of 12; each sixth has 2
The third model shows 10 in total, so the answer is 10

Algorithm using reciprocal: $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{1}{12} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{12}{1} = \frac{60}{6} = 10$

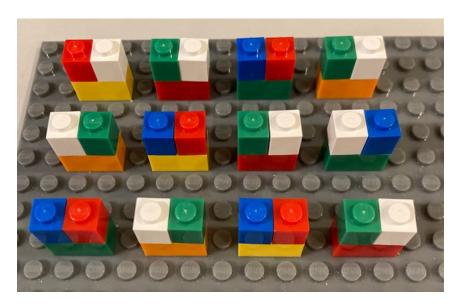
Chapter 3

- 1. When a whole number is divided by a fraction, you are looking for how many of those fractional groups will fit into the number.
- 2. Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $9 \div \frac{1}{3} = 9 \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{27}{1} = 27$



9 wholes are shown, each divided into 3rds. Counting all the 1/3 shown, there are 27.

3. Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $12 \div \frac{1}{2} = 12 \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{24}{1} = 24$

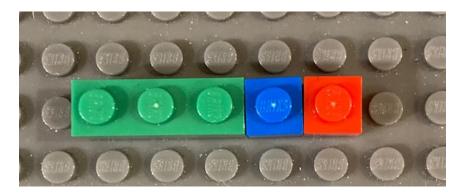


12 wholes are shown, each divided into halves. Counting all the 1/2 shown, there are 24.

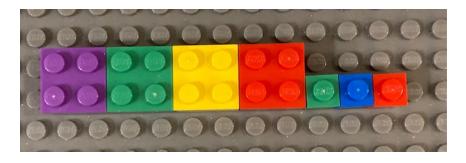
Chapter 4

1. (many answers possible)

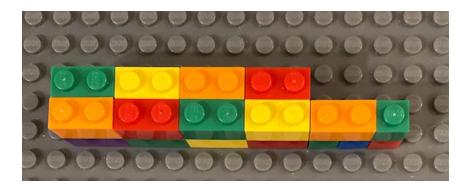
This model shows $1^2/3$. The one is shown with a 3-stud brick because the denonimator of the fraction is 3. The green brick shows 1 and the blue and red bricks show 2/3 more.



2. $4^3/4 \div 1/2$:



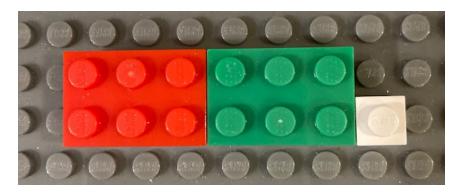
4 wholes and ¾ more



Cover the model with bricks representing $\frac{1}{2}$ of the whole brick (a 1x2 brick). There are 9 of those 1x2 bricks, plus another $\frac{1}{2}$ of that brick (a 1x1 brick), showing 9 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $4^3/4 \div \frac{1}{2} = 4^3/4 \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{19}{4} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{38}{4} = 9\%$

3. $2^{1}/6 \div {}^{1}/3$



2 wholes and $\frac{1}{6}$



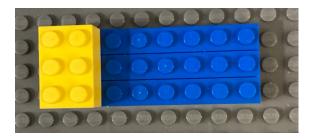
Cover the model with bricks representing 1/3 of the whole brick (a 1x2 brick). There are 6 of those 1x2 bricks, plus another $\frac{1}{2}$ of that brick (a 1x1 brick), showing $6\frac{1}{2}$.

Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $2^{1}/6 \div {}^{1}/3 = 2^{1}/6 \times {}^{3}/1 = {}^{13}/6 \times {}^{3}/1 = {}^{39}/6 = 6\%$

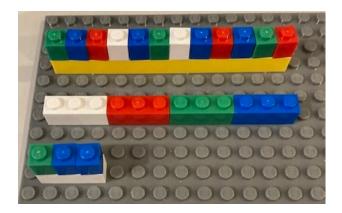
Chapter 5

1. $24 \times \frac{1}{4} = 6$

24 pencils; ¼ of 24 = 6



Alternative question: Annie buys 3 building sets to give her friends as gifts. If she uses 1/4 of a roll of gift wrap to wrap all of the sets, what fraction of the gift wrap will she use to pack each one?



Top row: 1 roll of gift wrap

Second row: four quarters of the roll

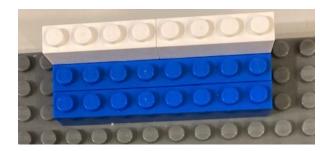
Third row: $\frac{1}{12}$ of the roll, divided into 3. Each is $\frac{1}{12}$ th of the original roll.

Answer: 1/12 of the gift wrap math sentence: $1/4 \div 3 = 1/12$

2. All three are models of 24 hours, using 24 studs.

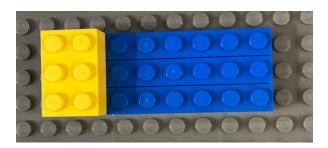
1/3 of 24, modeled with 8 studs; she sleeps 8 hours a day

24 x 1/3 = 8



 \upmu of 24, modeled with 6 studs; she goes to school 6 hours a day

¼ x 24 = 6



1/8 of 24, modeled with 3 studs; she goes to school 3 hours a day

1/8 x 24 = 3

