# Brick Math Fraction Division <br> <br> Chapter Assessment Answer Key 

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## Chapter 1

1. $3 / 4 \div 1 / 8=6$


8 divided into $1 / 8$ ths
3 quarters of 8
Each quarter has 2

Answer is 6

Algorithm: ${ }^{3} / 4 \div 1 / 8=3 / 4 \times 8 / 1=24 / 4=6$
2. ${ }^{4} / 6 \div 1 / 12=8$


12 divided into 1/12ths
4 sixths of 12

Each sixth has 2

8 in total

Answer is 8

Algorithm: ${ }^{4} / 6 \div 1 / 12=4 / 6 x^{12} / 1=48 / 6=8$
3. The reciprocal is one of a pair of numbers that, when multiplied together, equal 1 . One example of reciprocals (many answers to this):
The reciprocal of $2 / 4$ is $4 / 2$

## Chapter 2

1. a. $4 / 3$
b. $8 / 5$
2. $2 / 3 \quad 3 / 2$ (reciprocal of $2 / 3$ )

3. 



The top model shows 12 divided into 1/12ths
The second model shows 5 sixths of 12 ; each sixth has 2
The third model shows 10 in total, so the answer is 10
Algorithm using reciprocal: $5 / 6 \div 1 / 12=5 / 6 \times 12 / 1=60 / 6=10$

## Chapter 3

1. When a whole number is divided by a fraction, you are looking for how many of those fractional groups will fit into the number.
2. Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $9 \div 1 / 3=9 x^{3} / 1=27 / 1=27$


9 wholes are shown, each divided into 3 rds. Counting all the $1 / 3$ shown, there are 27 .
3. Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $12 \div{ }^{1} / 2=12 \times{ }^{2} / 1={ }^{24} / 1=24$


12 wholes are shown, each divided into halves. Counting all the $1 / 2$ shown, there are 24 .

## Chapter 4

1. (many answers possible)

This model shows $1^{2} / 3$. The one is shown with a 3 -stud brick because the denonimator of the fraction is 3 . The green brick shows 1 and the blue and red bricks show $2 / 3$ more.

2. $4^{3} / 4 \div 1 / 2$ :


4 wholes and $3 / 4$ more


Cover the model with bricks representing $1 / 2$ of the whole brick (a $1 \times 2$ brick). There are 9 of those $1 \times 2$ bricks, plus another $1 / 2$ of that brick (a $1 \times 1$ brick), showing $91 / 2$.

Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $4^{3} / 4 \div 1 / 2=4^{3} / 4 x^{2} / 1=19 / 4 x^{2} / 1=38 / 4=91 / 2$
3. $2^{1 / 6 \div 1 / 3}$


2 wholes and $^{1 / 6}$


Cover the model with bricks representing $1 / 3$ of the whole brick (a $1 \times 2$ brick). There are 6 of those $1 \times 2$ bricks, plus another $1 / 2$ of that brick (a $1 \times 1$ brick), showing $61 / 2$.

Using the algorithm with the reciprocal: $2^{1 / 6 \div 1 / 3=2^{1} / 6 x^{3} / 1=13 / 6 x^{3} / 1=39 / 6=61 / 2}$

## Chapter 5

1. $24 \times^{1 / 4}=6$

24 pencils; $1 / 4$ of $24=6$


Alternative question: Annie buys 3 building sets to give her friends as gifts. If she uses $1 / 4$ of a roll of gift wrap to wrap all of the sets, what fraction of the gift wrap will she use to pack each one?


Top row: 1 roll of gift wrap
Second row: four quarters of the roll
Third row: $1 / 4$ of the roll, divided into 3 . Each is $1 / 12^{\text {th }}$ of the original roll.
Answer: $1 / 12$ of the gift wrap
math sentence: $1 / 4 \div 3=1 / 12$
2. All three are models of 24 hours, using 24 studs.
$1 / 3$ of 24 , modeled with 8 studs; she sleeps 8 hours a day
$24 \times 1 / 3=8$

$1 / 4$ of 24 , modeled with 6 studs; she goes to school 6 hours a day
$1 / 4 \times 24=6$

$1 / 8$ of 24 , modeled with 3 studs; she goes to school 3 hours a day $1 / 8 \times 24=3$


